

Through The Looking Glass:

Effective observability for cloud native applications



Through the Looking-Glass...

- Phrase by Lewis Carroll
- The sequel to Alice's Adventures in Wonderland
- Alice passes through a mirror over a fireplace and finds herself (once more) in an enchanted land







Agenda:



- Why do we need observability?
- What do we mean by "Observability"?
- How can we do this in our own apps?
- OpenTelemetry
- MicroProfile Telemetry 1.0
- Demo
- Summary and Resources

Why do we need observability?



Evolution of Modern Infrastructure



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Evolution of Applications



OOOH THE CLOUD



15 Factor Applications (revised from 12 factors)

- 1. One Codebase, one application
- 2. API first
- 3. Dependency management
- 4. Design, build, release, and run
- 5. Configuration, credentials and code
- 6. Logs
- 7. Disposability

- 8. Backing services
- 9. Environment parity
- 10. Administrative processes
- 11. Port binding
- 12. Stateless processes
- 13. Concurrency

14. Telemetry

15. Authentication and authorization

Why it matters



Improve performance

Maintain vendor neutrality and optimize performance of revenue-generating applications by addressing failure conditions.



Centralize your data

Capture data from all sources with a single agent using the OpenTelemetry Collector — without sacrificing choice. Use open standards and easy instrumentation.



Integrate with ease

Use an array of languages, frameworks and libraries to manage all your integrations.



Troubleshoot faster

Tackle performance issues quickly and reduce mean time to resolution (MTTR) with context-aware workflows powered by metrics, traces and logs.

What do we mean by "Observability"?



What is observability?

• In general...

 observability is the extent to which you can understand the internal state or condition of a complex system based only on knowledge of its external outputs

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• In IT and cloud computing...

 observability also refers to software tools and practices for aggregating, correlating and analyzing a steady stream of performance data from a distributed application along with the hardware and network it runs on, in order to more effectively monitor, troubleshoot and debug the application and the network

Observability vs Monitoring

- **Monitoring** consists in using tools/techniques that highlight that an issue occurred. A monitoring system could raise a warning when:
 - average response time is getting slower and slower;
 - a growing number of requests result in HTTP 500 internal server error;
 - application crashes;
- **Observability** is the ability to measure the internal states of a system by examining its outputs (Control theory definition).
- An application is "observable" when it provides detailed visibility into its behavior and always allows identifying the root cause of an issue.

How can we do this in our own apps?



Implementing Observability

Instrument systems and applications to collect relevant data (e.g. metrics, traces, and logs).

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Send this data to a separate external system that can store and analyze it.

3 Provide visualizations and insights into systems as a whole (including query capability for end users).





Instrumentation: Logs

Logs

- a timestamped message emitted by services or other application components, providing coarsergrained or higher-level information about system behaviors (like errors, warnings, etc) and typically will be stored in a set of log files.
- not necessarily associated with any particular user request or transaction





Instrumentation: Metrics

Metrics

 aggregations of numeric data about infrastructure or an application over a period of time. Examples include system error rates, CPU utilization, and request rates for a given service.





https://microprofile.io/



Open cloud-native Java APIs

https://microprofile.io/compatible

Compatible Runtimes

Compatible with MicroProfile APIs	2.x and 3.x	4.x	5.x	6.x
Open Liberty	x	x	x	x
WebSphere Liberty	x	x	х	х
Quarkus	x	x		
Payara Micro	x	x	x	
WildFly	x	x	x	
Payara Server	x	x	х	
TomEE	x		x	
KumuluzEE	x			
Thorntail	x			
JBoss EAP XP	x			
Helidon	Х		X	
Apache Launcher			X	

MicroProfile Metrics



"This specification aims at providing a unified way for Microprofile servers to export Monitoring data ("Telemetry") to management agents and also a unified Java API, that all (application) programmers can use to expose their telemetry data."

Instrumentation: Traces

- Distributed traces (i.e. Traces)
 - records the paths taken by requests (made by an application or end user) as they disseminate through multi-service architectures, like microservice, macroservice, and serverless applications.



Key Tracing Concepts

Traces

• Traces represent requests and consist of multiple spans.

• Spans

 Spans are representative of single operations in a request. A span contains a name, timerelated data, log messages, and metadata to give information about what occurs during a transaction.



Key Tracing Concepts

Context

 Context is an immutable object contained in the span data to identify the unique request that each span is a part of. This data is required for moving trace information across service boundaries, allowing developers to follow a single request through a potentially complex distributed system.



OpenTelemetry



Open Telemetry

- High-quality, ubiquitous, and portable telemetry to enable effective observability
- OpenTelemetry is a collection of tools, APIs, and SDKs. Use it to instrument, generate, collect, and export telemetry data (metrics, logs, and traces) to help you analyze your software's performance and behaviour.
- NB: OpenTelemetry ≠ observability back-end

Creating One Standard

C OpenCensus - Opentracing **OpenTelemetry**







https://opentelemetry.io/docs/collector/

MicroProfile Telemetry 1.0



MicroProfile Telemetry 1.0

- Introduced in MicroProfile 6.0 release
- Adopts OpenTelemetry Tracing
- Set of APIs, SDKs, tooling and integrations
- Designed for the creation and management of telemetry data (traces)



https://github.com/eclipse/microprofile-telemetry

MP Telemetry Instrumentation

- Automatic Instrumentation:
 - Jakarta RESTful Web Services and MicroProfile Rest Client automatically enlisted in distributed tracing
- Manual Instrumentation:
 - Manual instrumentation can be added via annotations @WithSpan or via CDI injection @Inject Tracer or @Inject Span or programmatic lookup Span.current()
- Agent Instrumentation:
 - Use OpenTelemetry Java Instrumentation project to gather telemetry data without any code modification

How MP Telemetry works





Backend Exporter

- You can export the data that MicroProfile Telemetry collects to multiple exporters.
- E.g.:
 - Jaeger
 - Zipkin
 - Otel Collector









Visualization

- Prometheus
 - Systems monitoring and alerting toolkit



- Grafana
 - An open source analytics and interactivee visualization
- Kibana
 - provides users with a tool for exploring, visualizing, and building dashboards on top of the log data stored in Elasticsearch clusters.

https://blog.sebastian-daschner.com/entries/openliberty-monitoring-prometheus-grafana

Alerts

Inactive (1) Pending (0) Firing (0)

O Show annotations

/Users/jennifer.zhen.chengibm.com/alert.yml > libertyexample

cpuUsageTooHigh (0 active)

alert: cpuUsageTooHigh expr: rate(base_cpu_processCpuTime_seconds[2m]) / base_cpu_availableProcessors > 0.05 for: 1m labels: severity: critical annotations: description: '{{ \$labels.instance }} CPU usage is too high' summary: CPU usage is too high



Liberty Potential Problem Count











Demo Time





Open Liberty

Focus on code

Easy to make fast and iterative changes

Easy to write tests

True-to-production testing (as much as possible)

Ready for containers

Not-in-your-way tools and flexibility



https://developer.ibm.com/articles/why-cloud-native-java-developers-love-liberty/

Developer productivity





MP Telemetry Demo

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🛛 yasmin	yasmin-aumeeruddy / mpTelemetry-Demo Public		Ω Notifications ¥ Fork 1 ☆ Star •		
⇔ Code	⊙ Issues ↑↑ Pull requests ⊙ Actions	s 🖽 Projects 💿 Security 🗠 In	sights		
₽ main - ₽ 1 branch S 0 tags		Go to file Code -	About		
	yasmin-aumeeruddy inject span		6de2c8f on Mar 6 312 commits	No description, website, or topics provided.	
	inventory	inject span	last month	Readme So 0 stars O stars O 1 watching Y 1 fork Report repository	
	system	Update system pom	last month		
	🗋 .gitignore	Create .gitignore	2 months ago		
	README.md	update readme	2 months ago		
	🗋 pom.xml	Create demo	2 months ago		
	E README.md			Releases	
	Java Agent			Packages	
	Clone the repo			No packages published	
	Navigate to the system directory and run Maven with the package goal. This will copy the OpenTelemetry Java Agent in to your server config:			Languages	
	cd system mvn package		 Java 70.8% HTML 29.2% 		
	Start the server:				
	mvn liberty:run				

Summary:

- Entering a world of increased complexity
- Effective observability is critical to monitor and understand how our applications are behaving and performing in this complex environment
- Many open source tools available to help us look through the looking glass, including new standards like Open Telemetry
 - OSS Java tools like MicroProfile enable us to make use of this in our own applications

Resources:

- What is observability? <u>https://www.ibm.com/uk-</u> <u>en/topics/observability</u>
- OpenTelemetry and MicroProfile: Enabling effective observability for your cloud-native Java applications -<u>https://developer.ibm.com/articles/opentelemetry-effectiveobservability-for-your-cloud-native-java-apps/</u>
- Tracing your microservices made easy with MicroProfile Telemetry 1.0 - <u>https://openliberty.io/blog/2023/03/10/tracing-</u> <u>with-microprofile-telemetry.html</u>



Open Liberty Interactive Guides

Observability



Checking the health of microservices on Kubernetes

Learn how to check the health of microservices on Kubernetes by setting up readiness and liveness probes to inspect MicroProfile Health Check endpoints.

() 20 minutes

RUN IN CLOUD

https://openliberty.io/guides/#observability

Interactive cloud-native labs

Skills Network Labs 10 . Account - My Data IBMCinut Launch Application Lan File Edit Selection View Go Debug Terminal Holp A* A' Verdana 0 * 8 0 0 EPHONEN pam xml · <?ml version='1.8' encoding='utf-8') PRICHECT Er guide-rest-intro xmlns:xs1="http://www.w3.org/2001/X00.Schema-Instance" Step 2 of 6 + Die finish xs1:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/ssd/maven.4.0.0.xsd" - Belline rmodelVersion34.8.8.7modelVersion5 Getting Started o point ami (groupld) io.openliberty.guides (/groupld) **Ensight** If a terminal window does not open navigate: contifactId>guide-rest-intro-/actifactId> In start cversion>1.8-SNAPSHOT(/version) dianees Terminal -> new Terminal cpuckaging>warc/packaging> travis ymi CONTRELITING md Check you are in the home/project folder: # UCENSE conspect.bulld:sourceEncoding.UH-8:/peoject.bulld.sourceEncoding> README adoc cproject.reporting.outputEncoding.OFF-8s/project.reporting.outputIncoding> Tott ich. cliberty.var.default.http.port.0888; /liberty.var.default.http.ports The fastest way to work through this guide is to clone the Git repository illherty.var.app.context.root.LibertyProject//liberty.var.app.context.root/ and use the projects that are provided inside: git clone https://github.cum/openilberty/guine-rest-intra.git of subsecent-intro (groupId-jakarta.platform(/groupId)) The finish directory in the root of this guide contains the finished cantifuction jakarta.jakartaes-apic/artifuction consignation (8.0.0) /version: application. Give it a try before you proceed. cscope>provided</scope> To try out the application, first go to the finish directory and run the following Maven goal to build the application and deploy it to Open (groupId)org.eclipse.microprofile(/groupId) Liberty: cartifactId storoprofile (/artifactId) ed finish <type)pome(type) myn libertyprun (scope)provided(/scope) 0 melagetheladocker-icoleman: /homelproject/guide-rest-intro × Problems Check out the service in another shell: theiagtheiadocker-jiculeman:/home/project\$ git clone https://github.com/openliherty/guide-rest-intro.git Cloning into "guide-rest-intro".... curl http://localheat:9000/lisertyProject/System/properties remote: Enumerating objects: 131, done. remote: Counting objects: 100% (131/131), done. remote: Compressing objects: 108% (88/88), done. remote: Total 1494 (delta 46), reused 89 (delta 23), pack-reused 1363 After you are done checking out the application, stop the Open Liberty Receiving objects: 100% (1494/1494), 208.39 Ki0 | 6.55 MiB/s, done. Resolving deltas: 100% (567/567), done. server by pressing CTRL+C in the shell session where you ran the thelagtheladocker-jlcolesan:/howe/project\$ cd gulde-rest-intro server. Alternatively, you can run the liberty:stop goal from the finish the Lagthe Ladocker- [Icileman:/benu/penject/guble-enst-intros directory in another shell session: > CODEWIND C 0040 Lo 19, Col 84 LF UTF-8 Spaces: 4 XML 🌲 🖬



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